Be Ember Aware!

Will YOUR home survive when the embers arrive?

EMBER AWARE CHECKLIST

1. WOOD ROOF—Replace wood shake and shingle roofs with fire-resistant types such as composition, metal, and tile.
2. ROOF OPENINGS—Plug openings in roof coverings, such as the open ends of barrel tiles, with non-combustible materials.
3. ROOF DEBRIS—Routinely remove plant debris, such as pine needles, leaves, branches and bark, from the roof.
4. SKYLIGHTS—Replace plastic skylights with types constructed of double-pane glass. One of the panes should be tempered glass. Close skylights if wildfire is threatening.
5. SPARK ARRESTER—Install an approved spark arrester on chimneys.
6. WINDOWS—Replace single-pane, non-tempered glass windows with multiple-pane, tempered-glass types. Close all windows if wildfire is threatening.
7. VENTS—Cover attic, eave and foundation vents with 1/8-inch wire mesh or install new vent types designed to prevent ember entry. If wildfire is threatening, consider covering vent openings with pre-cut plywood or aluminum foil folded several layers thick and stapled.
8. RAIN GUTTERS—Keep rain gutters free of plant debris during fire season. Consider using rain gutter covers to reduce maintenance.
9. SIDING—Fill gaps in siding and trim materials with a good quality caulk and replace poor condition building materials.
10. WOODPILES—Move firewood stacks and scrap lumber piles at least 30 feet from the house or other buildings.
11. PATIO FURNITURE—Place combustible patio furniture, such as lounges, tables and hammocks, inside the house or garage if wildfire is threatening.
12. DECK BOARDS—Replace deck boards that are less than one inch thick or that are in poor condition with thicker, good condition boards. Use metal flashing between the deck and the house.
13. DECK DEBRIS—Remove plant debris from the gaps between deck boards, the gap between the deck and house, and lying on top of the deck.
14. PORCH AND DECK ACCESSORIES—If wildfire is threatening, remove combustible materials from the porch and deck including newspapers, wicker baskets, door mats, pine cones and dried flower arrangements, and place BBQ propane tanks indoors.
15. UNDER THE DECK—Remove plant debris, wood piles and other easily ignited materials from under decks. Consider enclosing the open sides of the deck with siding materials that are properly vented or 1/8-inch wire mesh to reduce maintenance and deter ember entry. Do not use wooden lattice to enclose decks.
16. FLOWERBOXES—Remove wooden flowerboxes from beneath windows if wildfire is threatening.
17. EAVES—Cover open eaves with sheathing, such as plywood or fiber-cement board. Use tongue and groove joints or other intricate joint types and don’t use butt joints.
18. FLOWERBEDS—Replace wood mulches with noncombustible types and remove plant debris, including dried grass and flowers, dead leaves and dead branches from flowerbeds next to the house, other buildings and next to wooden fences. Replace ornamental junipers with low-growing deciduous shrubs or flowers under irrigation.
19. VEHICLES—Close vehicle windows. Back into the garage and close the garage door or park away from the house.
20. GARAGE DOOR—Adjust garage doors to achieve as tight a fit as possible with the door frame. Consider using trim around the garage door opening to reduce the size of gap openings. Close the garage door if wildfire is threatening.
21. GARBAGE CANS AND RECYCLING BINS—Use garbage cans covered with tight fitting lids near the house or other buildings. Move newspaper recycling bins indoors.
22. WOODEN FENCES—Maintain wooden fences in good condition and create a noncombustible fence section or gate next to the house for at least five feet.

Questions or need more information, contact Fire Prevention:
(650) 617-3184 • Fire@CityofPaloAlto.org
@PaloAltoFire
WILL YOUR HOME SURVIVE?
Each year hundreds of homes are destroyed or damaged by wildfires. You live in an area where houses are intermixed with brush, native grasses, and oak woodlands. Your home may be in jeopardy, and your life and the lives of your family and pets may be at risk. Nobody may remember the last time there was a fire in your area, but the odds are that sooner or later, a wildfire will threaten your home.

GOT DEFENSIBLE SPACE?
One factor critical to the survivability of your home in a wildfire is the distance and the quality of vegetative clearance around the house. More frequently than not, homes are lost because the vegetation around the house, whether native or planted, is highly flammable and either promoted the spread of the fire to the house or prevented firefighters from protecting the structure. Modifying the fuels around the home by removal, thinning, or substituting less flammable, well-irrigated species really help protect the home.

PLANTS TO AVOID
REMOVE THESE PYROPHYTIC PLANTS FROM YOUR PROPERTY!
Partial list only—Native Grasses, Junipers, Firs, Bamboo, Fountain Grass, Rosemary, Broom, Pampas Grass, Coyote Brush, Manzanita, Pines, Acacia, Eucalyptus, California Bay, Japanese Honeysuckle, Dry Palm Fronds, Cedars, and False Cypress.

Permits are required by the city of Palo Alto and/or the Santa Clara County building divisions for remodels, alterations, and repairs to buildings that are located in the WUI.

Local Ordinances, regulations, standards, and public education materials either require or recommend defensible space and ignition resistant construction. Many times homeowners object to requirements which they find expensive, reduce privacy and ruin esthetics, or which they feel are “arbitrary” or otherwise unnecessary. Ignition resistant building materials and construction features reduce the likelihood of home ignition from brands and embers, radiant heat exposure, or direct flame contact.

MULCH MATTERS
Palo Alto has been experiencing fires in shredded mulch used in homeowner landscapes and medial strips. At first glance many community members may dismiss these fires as insignificant. However, shredded mulch is highly ignitable. It acts like a catcher’s mitt for burning embers and fire brands.

Once ignited the mulch easily spreads the fire to other landscaping and to your home.

IMPORTANT WEBSITES
www.cityofpaloalto.org
www.sccfiresafe.org
www.firewise.org
www.livingwithfire.info
www.fire.ca.gov

Questions or more information, contact Fire Prevention:
(650) 617-3184 • Fire@CityofPaloAlto.org

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